Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the aboveidentified application:

- 1. **(Currently Amended)** A polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having an average grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron <u>as measured on a polished surface</u> and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7.
- 2. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 wherein no greater than 10% of the grains of a polished surface of the material has a largest dimension greater than 1.0 micron.
- 3. **(Original)** The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 having a wet transmittance of at least about 40% at about 550 nm.
- 4. **(Original)** The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 3 having a wet transmittance of at least about 50% at about 650 nm.
- 5. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 wherein a wet transmittance curve over a range of about 475 nm to about 650 nm has an integrated area of greater than about 70%T-nm.
- 6. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 wherein the material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.5.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

7. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 6 wherein the material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.4.

- 8. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 having a flexure strength of at least about 400 MPa.
- 9. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 8 having a flexure strength of at least about 600 MPa.
- 10. **(Original)** The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 having a purity of at least about 99.5 wt-%.
- 11. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 10 comprising up to about 0.5 wt-% of magnesium oxide, yttrium oxide, zirconium oxide, hafnium oxide, calcium oxide, or combinations thereof.
- 12. **(Original)** The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 1 wherein the material is in the form of a dental article, an infrared radar dome, a sodium vapor lamp envelope, a window, or military armor.
- 13. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 12 wherein the material is in the form of a dental article.
- 14. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 13 wherein the dental article is a dental prosthesis.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

15. (Original) The polycrystalline translucent ceramic material of claim 14 wherein the dental prosthesis is selected from the group consisting of a crown, a coping, a bridge framework, a dental implant, a dental implant abutment, an inlay, an onlay, and a veneer.

- 16. (Original) A dental mill blank comprising a polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having an average grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7.
- 17. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the blank is mounted to a holder selected from the group of a stub, a frame, a collett, and a plate.
- 18. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material has a tooth-like shade.
- 19. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein no greater than 10% of the grains of a polished surface of the ceramic material has a largest dimension greater than 1.0 micron.
- 20. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material has a wet transmittance of at least about 40% at about 550 nm.
- 21. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 20 wherein the ceramic material has a wet transmittance of at least about 50% at about 650 nm.
- 22. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein a wet transmittance curve of the ceramic material over a range of about 475 nm to about 650 nm has an integrated area of greater than about 70%T-nm.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

23. (**Original**) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.5.

- 24. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 23 wherein the ceramic material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.4.
- 25. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material has a flexure strength of at least about 400 MPa.
- 26. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 25 wherein the ceramic material has a flexure strength of at least about 600 MPa.
- 27. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material has a purity of at least about 99.5 wt-%.
- 28. (Original) The dental mill blank of claim 16 wherein the ceramic material comprises up to about 0.5 wt-% of magnesium oxide, yttrium oxide, zirconium oxide, hafnium oxide, calcium oxide, or combinations thereof.
- 29. (Original) A ceramic dental prosthesis comprising a polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having an average grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7.
- 30. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material is coated at least partially with an aesthetic coating material selected from the group consisting of porcelain,

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

glass, glass-ceramic, composite, resin ceramic composite, and combinations thereof.

- 31. (**Original**) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the prosthesis is attached to tooth structure with dental cement.
- 32. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein no greater than 10% of the grains of a polished surface of the ceramic material has a largest dimension greater than 1.0 micron.
- 33. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material has a wet transmittance of at least about 40% at about 550 nm.
- 34. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material has a wet transmittance of at least about 50% at about 650 nm.
- 35. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein a wet transmittance curve of the ceramic material over a range of about 475 nm to about 650 nm has an integrated area of greater than about 70%T-nm.
- 36. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.5.
- 37. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 36 wherein the ceramic material has a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.4.
- 38. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material has a flexure strength of at least about 400 MPa.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

39. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 38 wherein the ceramic material has a flexure strength of at least about 600 MPa.

- 40. (Original) The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material has a purity of at least about 99.5 wt-%.
- 41. **(Original)** The prosthesis of claim 29 wherein the ceramic material comprises up to about 0.5 wt-% of magnesium oxide, yttrium oxide, zirconium oxide, hafnium oxide, calcium oxide, or combinations thereof.

42. (Original) A kit comprising:

a dental mill blank comprising a polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having an average grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7; and

instructions for using the mill blank.

- 43. (Original) The kit of claim 42 further comprising a component selected from the group consisting of a bonding agent, a milling lubricant, a color-matching composition suitable for use in the oral environment, an impression material, an instrument, a dental composite, a dental porcelain, an abrasive, and combinations thereof.
- 44. (Withdrawn Currently Amended) A method for making a polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having a grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron as measured on a polished surface and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7, the method comprising: providing an aluminum oxide powder;

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

forming the powder into an article having a desired shape;

sintering the shaped article to obtain a sintered article having closed porosity; and subjecting the sintered article to hot isostatic pressing to further densify and form a densified article comprising polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having a grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron as measured on a polished surface and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7.

- 45. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 44 further comprising deagglomerating the aluminum oxide powder prior to forming the powder into an article having a desired shape.
- 46. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 45 wherein deagglomerating the aluminum oxide powder comprises subjecting the aluminum oxide powder to ultra-sonication.
- 47. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 44 wherein subjecting the sintered article to hot isostatic pressing comprises subjecting the sintered article to hot isostatic pressing at a temperature of about 1200°C to about 1300°C for about 30 minutes to about 120 minutes under about 100 MPa to about 210 MPa of an inert gas.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein forming the powder into an article having a desired shape comprises forming a mill blank comprising ceramic material in a green stage.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 48 further comprising carving the green-stage mill blank into a desired shape prior to sintering the shaped article to obtain a sintered article having closed porosity.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

50. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 44 further comprising carving the sintered article having closed porosity into a desired shape prior to subjecting the sintered article to hot isostatic pressing to further density.

- 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 further comprising carving the densified article into a desired shape.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein forming the powder into an article having a desired shape comprises slurry casting the aluminum oxide powder.
- 53. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 44 wherein forming the powder into an article having a desired shape comprises injection molding the aluminum oxide powder.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein the aluminum oxide powder has a surface area of greater than about $10 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54 wherein the aluminum oxide powder has a surface area of greater than about $14 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein the aluminum oxide powder has a purity of at least about 99.5%.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein the densified article is a dental mill blank.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 wherein the densified article is a dental prosthesis.

Serial No.: 10/034,642 Confirmation No.: 9543 Filed: December 28, 2001

For: POLYCRYSTALLINE TRANSLUCENT ALUMINA-BASED CERAMIC MATERIAL, USES, AND

METHODS

59. (Withdrawn) A method for making a dental prosthesis comprising:

providing a dental mill blank comprising a polycrystalline translucent aluminum oxide ceramic material having a grain size of no greater than 1.0 micron and a Contrast Ratio value of less than about 0.7; and

carving the mill blank into a desired shape.

- 60. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 59 further comprising attaching the carved blank to tooth or bone structure.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 60 wherein the carved blank is attached to the tooth or bone structure with a color-matching bonding agent.